

Incidence of Lead Poisoning



Lead poisoning can affect nearly every system in the body and is especially harmful to children in their first five years of life because it disrupts the rapid brain development they are undergoing.

Lead poisoning can cause damage to the brain and nervous system, slowed growth and development, speech and hearing problems, learning disabilities (e.g., reduced IQ, ADHD), behavioral problems (e.g. juvenile delinquency and criminal behavior) and preterm birth for pregnant moms. At very high levels, lead poisoning can cause seizures, coma and even death.

There is no way of reversing damage already done by lead poisoning.

The primary source of lead exposure among children is deteriorated lead-based paint (dust). Other sources include soil, water and consumer products. Children can also be exposed in utero through their mother's blood supply. While there is no safe level of lead in the body, public health actions are recommended to be initiated when a child has blood lead levels of 5 micrograms per deciliter of blood. Children living at or below the poverty line and who live in older housing are at greater risk.



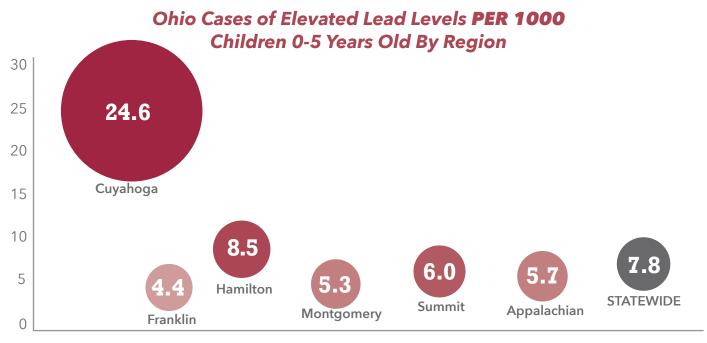
In 2016, out of the 162,185 children tested there were 4,591 children ages 0-5 with confirmed blood lead levels of 5 μ g/dL (micrograms per deciliter) or greater. More than 28% of those children (1,303) had confirmed blood levels of 10 μ g/dL or greater.

Ohio Cases of Elevated Lead Levels in Children 0-5 Years Old By Region

Region	# Cases Confirmed Elevated Lead Levels	# Cases Unconfirmed Elevated Lead Levels*	TOTAL # Confirmed + Unconfirmed	# Children Under 6	# Cases of Lead Exposure Per 1000 Children
Cuyahoga	1,866	260	2,126	86,440	24.6
Franklin	235	225	460	103,908	4.4
Hamilton	425	110	535	63,122	8.5
Montgomery	125	82	207	38,946	5.3
Summit	153	64	217	36,291	6.0
Appalachian	477	274	751	132,825	5.7
STATEWIDE	4,591	1,848	6,439	823,546	7.8

^{*}Unconfirmed cases are children who had a capillary test of 5 μ g/dL or greater and did not receive a confirmatory venous blood draw test. Data Source: Ohio Department of Health Data Warehouse FY 2016.

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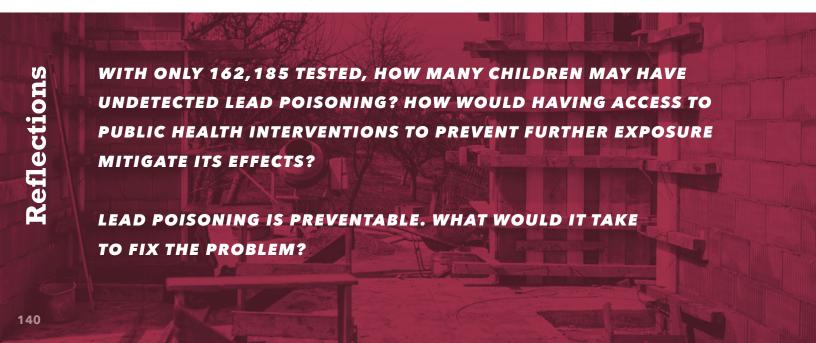


Data Source: Ohio Department of Health Data Warehouse FY 2016.

WHY ARE

CLEVELAND KIDS POISONED BY LEAD AT

3X THE STATE RATE?



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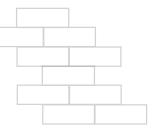
SOURCES

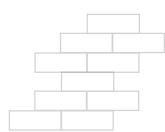
Ohio Lead Advisory Council, Annual Report 2017 www.odh.ohio.gov/-/media/ODH/ASSETS/Files/eh/lead-poisoning---children/2017/2017-Annual-Report.pdf

Center for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/factsheets/Lead_fact_sheet.pdf

DATA SOURCE

Ohio Department of Health Data Warehouse FY 2016





Join Us.



Ohio Early Childhood Race & Rural Equity Report

GroundworkOhio.org



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